

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:**

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. (currently amended): A support for a lithographic printing plate obtained by performing graining treatment including electrochemical graining treatment on an aluminum plate,

wherein said aluminum plate is an aluminum plate which is manufactured by a method including molten metal treatment, and contains Fe of 0.20 to 0.29 wt%, Si of 0.03 to 0.15 wt%, Cu of ~~0.020~~ 0.032 to 0.040 wt% and Ti of 0.050 wt% or less and whose remaining portion is composed of Al and unavoidable impurities,

and wherein surface area ratio and steepness obtained from three-dimensional data by measuring  $512 \times 512$  points in  $5 \mu\text{m} \times 5 \mu\text{m}$  on the surface with an atomic force microscope each satisfies the following conditions (i) to (vi):

- (i) ~~Surface-surface~~ area ratio  $\Delta S^5$  is 30 to 70%;
- (ii) ~~Surface-surface~~ area ratio  $\Delta S^{5(0.2-5)}$  is 10 to 30%;
- (iii) ~~Surface-surface~~ area ratio  $\Delta S^{5(0.02-0.2)}$  is 30 to 70%;
- (iv) ~~Steepness-steepness~~  $a45^5$  is 20 to 50%;
- (v) ~~Steepness-steepness~~  $a45^{5(0.2-5)}$  is 5 to 20%; and
- (vi) ~~Steepness-steepness~~  $a45^{5(0.02-0.2)}$  is 20 to 60%,

wherein  $\Delta S^5$  which is found by the following equation from actual area  $S_x^5$  found by an approximation three-point method from said three-dimensional data and geometrically measured area  $S_0^5$  is surface area ratio expressed by  $\Delta S^5 = [(S_x^5 - S_0^5) / S_0^5] \times 100 (\%)$ ;

$\Delta S^{5(0.2-5)}$  which is found by the following equation from actual area  $S_x^{5(0.2-5)}$  obtained by extracting a component with wavelength of 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  or longer and 5  $\mu\text{m}$  or shorter from said three-dimensional data and geometrically measured area  $S_0^5$  is surface area ratio expressed by  $\Delta S^{5(0.2-5)} = [(S_x^{5(0.2-5)} - S_0^5) / S_0^5] \times 100 (\%)$ ;

$\Delta S^{5(0.02-0.2)}$  which is found by the following equation from actual area  $S_x^{5(0.02-0.2)}$  obtained by extracting a component with wavelength of 0.02  $\mu\text{m}$  or longer and 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  or shorter from said three-dimensional data and geometrically measured area  $S_0^5$  is surface area ratio expressed by  $\Delta S^{5(0.02-0.2)} = [(S_x^{5(0.02-0.2)} - S_0^5) / S_0^5] \times 100 (\%)$ ;

steepness  $a45^5$  is an area rate of a portion (area) having a slant with size of angle of  $45^\circ$  or bigger (gradient of  $45^\circ$  or bigger) to actual area  $S_x^5$  found by an approximation three-point method from said three-dimensional data;

steepness  $a45^{5(0.2-5)}$  is an area rate of a portion (area) having a slant with size of angle of  $45^\circ$  or bigger (gradient of  $45^\circ$  or bigger) to actual area  $S_x^{5(0.2-5)}$  found by extracting a component with wavelength of 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  or longer and 5  $\mu\text{m}$  or shorter from said three-dimensional data; and

steepness  $a45^{5(0.02-0.2)}$  is an area rate of a portion (area) having a slant with size of angle of  $45^\circ$  or bigger (gradient of  $45^\circ$  or bigger) to actual area  $S_x^{5(0.02-0.2)}$  found by extracting a component with wavelength of 0.02  $\mu\text{m}$  or longer and 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  or shorter from said three-dimensional data.

2. (currently amended): A support for a lithographic printing plate obtained by performing graining treatment including electrochemical graining treatment on an aluminum plate,

wherein said aluminum plate is an aluminum plate which is manufactured by a method including molten metal treatment, and contains Fe of 0.20 to 0.29 wt%, Si of 0.03 to 0.15 wt%, Cu of ~~0.020~~ 0.032 to 0.040 wt% and Ti of 0.050 wt% or less and whose remaining portion is composed of Al and unavoidable impurities,

and wherein surface area ratio and steepness obtained from three-dimensional data by measuring  $512 \times 512$  points in  $50 \mu\text{m} \times 50 \mu\text{m}$  on the surface with an atomic force microscope each satisfies the following conditions (xi) to (xvi):

(xi) ~~Surface-surface~~ area ratio  $\Delta S^{50}$  is 30 to 70%;

(xii) ~~Surface-surface~~ area ratio  $\Delta S^{50(2-50)}$  is 5 to 10%;

(xiii) ~~Surface-surface~~ area ratio  $\Delta S^{50(0.2-2)}$  is 15 to 40%;

(iv) ~~Steepness-steepness~~  $a45^{50}$  is 25 to 60%;

(xv) ~~Steepness-steepness~~  $a45^{50(2-50)}$  is 0 to 3.0%; and

(xvi) ~~Steepness-steepness~~  $a45^{50(0.2-2)}$  is 10 to 40%,

wherein  $\Delta S^{50}$  which is found by the following equation from actual area  $S_x^{50}$  found by an approximation three-point method from said three-dimensional data and geometrically measured area  $S_0^{50}$  is surface area ratio expressed by  $\Delta S^{50} = [(S_x^{50} - S_0^{50}) / S_0^{50}] \times 100 (\%)$ ;

$\Delta S^{50(2-50)}$  which is found by the following equation from actual area  $S_x^{50(2-50)}$  obtained by extracting a component with wavelength of 2  $\mu\text{m}$  or longer and 50  $\mu\text{m}$  or shorter from said three-dimensional data and geometrically measured area  $S_0^{50}$  is surface area ratio expressed by  $\Delta S^{50(2-50)} = [(S_x^{50(2-50)} - S_0^{50}) / S_0^{50}] \times 100 (\%)$ ;

$\Delta S^{50(0.2-2)}$  which is found by the following equation from actual area  $S_x^{50(0.2-2)}$  obtained by extracting a component with wavelength of 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  or longer and 2  $\mu\text{m}$  or shorter from said three-dimensional data and geometrically measured area  $S_0^{50}$  is surface area ratio expressed by  $\Delta S^{50(0.2-2)} = [(S_x^{50(0.2-2)} - S_0^{50}) / S_0^{50}] \times 100 (\%)$ ;

steepness  $a45^{50}$  is an area rate of a portion (area) having a slant with size of angle of  $45^\circ$  or bigger (gradient of  $45^\circ$  or bigger) to actual area  $S_x^{50}$  found by an approximation three-point method from said three-dimensional data;

steepness  $a45^{50(2-50)}$  is an area rate of a portion (area) having a slant with size of angle of  $45^\circ$  or bigger (gradient of  $45^\circ$  or bigger) to actual area  $S_x^{50(2-50)}$  found by extracting a component with wavelength of 2  $\mu\text{m}$  or longer and 50  $\mu\text{m}$  or shorter from said three-dimensional data; and

steepness  $a45^{50(0.2-2)}$  is the area rate of a portion (area) having a slant with size of angle of  $45^\circ$  or bigger (gradient of  $45^\circ$  or bigger) to actual area  $S_x^{50(0.2-2)}$  found by extracting a component with wavelength of 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  or longer and 2  $\mu\text{m}$  or shorter from said three-dimensional data.

3. (original): The support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 1, wherein the number of local deep areas with a depth of 5  $\mu\text{m}$  or more existent on the surface is 1.0 or less per  $400 \mu\text{m} \times 400 \mu\text{m}$ .

4. (original): The support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 2, wherein the number of local deep areas with a depth of 5  $\mu\text{m}$  or more existent on the surface is 1.0 or less per  $400\ \mu\text{m} \times 400\ \mu\text{m}$ .

5. (original): The support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 1, wherein Si atom attached quantity on the surface is 0.1 to 30  $\text{mg}/\text{m}^2$ .

6. (original): The support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 2, wherein Si atom attached quantity on the surface is 0.1 to 30  $\text{mg}/\text{m}^2$ .

7. (original): The support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 3, wherein Si atom attached quantity on the surface is 0.1 to 30  $\text{mg}/\text{m}^2$ .

8. (original): A presensitized plate provided with an image recording layer on the support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 1.

9. (original): A presensitized plate provided with an image recording layer on the support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 2.

10. (original): A presensitized plate provided with an image recording layer on the support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 3.

11. (original): A presensitized plate provided with an image recording layer on the support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 4.

12. (original): A presensitized plate provided with an image recording layer on the support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 5.

13. (original): A presensitized plate provided with an image recording layer on the support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 6.

14. (original): A presensitized plate provided with an image recording layer on the support for a lithographic printing plate according to claim 7.

15. (currently amended): The presensitized plate according to claim 8, wherein the presensitized plate is a presensitized plate for a laser printing plate.

16. (currently amended): The presensitized plate according to claim 9, wherein the presensitized plate is a presensitized plate for a laser printing plate.

17. (currently amended): The presensitized plate according to claim 10, wherein the presensitized plate is a presensitized plate for a laser printing plate.

18. (currently amended): The presensitized plate according to claim 11, wherein the presensitized plate is a presensitized plate for a laser printing plate.

19. (currently amended): The presensitized plate according to claim 12, wherein the presensitized plate is a presensitized plate for a laser printing plate.

20. (currently amended): The presensitized plate according to claim 13, wherein the presensitized plate is a presensitized plate for a laser printing plate.

21. (currently amended): The presensitized plate according to claim 14, wherein the presensitized plate is a presensitized plate for a laser printing plate.